

CLASS 415: Lateral Over

Level 4: Specialized Riding

Competitor: _____

Division 1: Dressage

Objective: To demonstrate effective, fluid, and balanced lateral movement.

Equine: _____

Regulations: Ridden Performance

Date Entered: _____

	BEHAVIOR	POINTS	SCORE	REMARKS
1.	Calm Default <i>The equine remains still and calm, with head forward in a calm default position, the competitor provides C&T from each side of the equine. (Optional: Salute)</i>	10		
2.	Lateral Over Left, Bent Left <i>The equine weights the hind, moving forward and laterally to the left, while maintaining bend left, for 4 full strides. The legs cross in front.</i>	10		
3.	Lateral Over Right, Bent Right <i>The equine weights the hind, moving forward and laterally to the right, while maintaining bend right, for 4 full strides. The legs cross in front.</i>	10		
4.	Lateral Over Left, Bent Right <i>The equine weights the hind, moving forward and laterally to the left, while maintaining bend right, for 4 full strides. The legs cross in front.</i>	10		
5.	Lateral Over Right, Bent Left <i>The equine weights the hind, moving forward and laterally to the right, while maintaining bend left, for 4 full strides. The legs cross in front.</i>	10		
6.	Back <i>The equine backs two steps. (Optional: Salute)</i>	10		

Further Remarks

Performed at: Walk Trot Canter

Judge Name: _____ **Signature:** _____ **Date:** _____

Total Points: _____ / 60

Percent Score: _____

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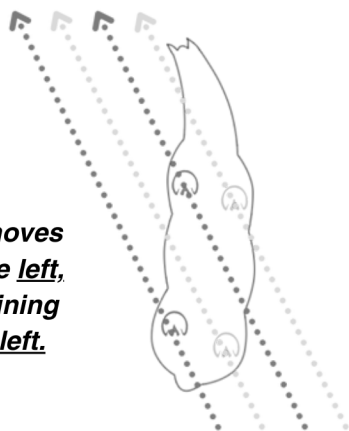
Objective: To demonstrate effective, fluid, and balanced lateral movement.

Regulations: Ridden Performance

2. Lateral Over Left, Bent Left

The equine weights the hind end, with the front and hind legs taking equally sized steps and crossing in front. From the front, the equine's legs are on two tracks (lefts and rights) OR four tracks (LH, LF, RH, RF). From the direction of travel, the equine's legs are on four tracks.

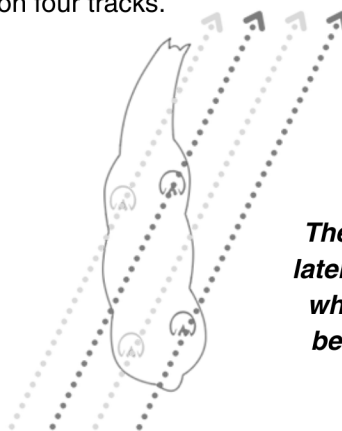
The equine moves laterally to the left, while maintaining bend to the left.



3. Lateral Over Right, Bent Right

The equine weights the hind end, with the front and hind legs taking equally sized steps and crossing in front. From the front, the equine's legs are on two tracks (lefts and rights) OR four tracks (LH, LF, RH, RF). From the direction of travel, the equine's legs are on four tracks.

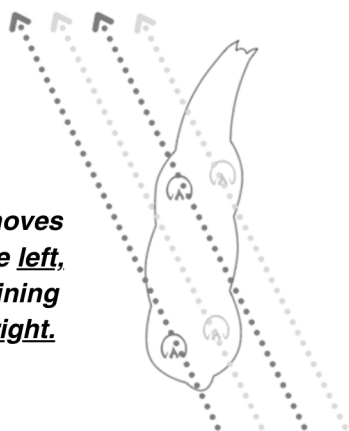
The equine moves laterally to the right, while maintaining bend to the right.



4. Lateral Over Left, Bent Right

The equine weights the hind end, with the front and hind legs taking equally sized steps and crossing in front. From the front, the equine's legs are on two tracks (lefts and rights) OR four tracks (LH, LF, RH, RF). From the direction of travel, the equine's legs are on four tracks.

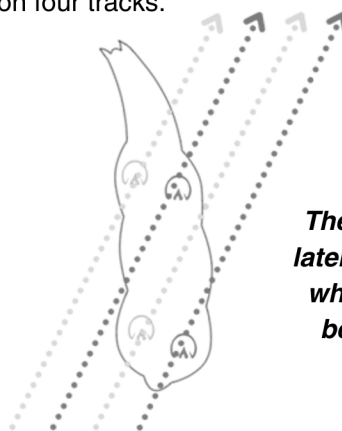
The equine moves laterally to the left, while maintaining bend to the right.



5. Lateral Over Right, Bent Left

The equine weights the hind end, with the front and hind legs taking equally sized steps and crossing in front. From the front, the equine's legs are on two tracks (lefts and rights) OR four tracks (LH, LF, RH, RF). From the direction of travel, the equine's legs are on four tracks.

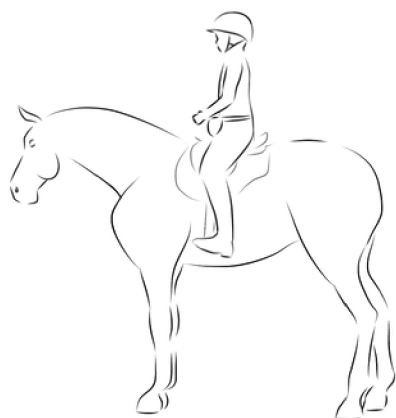
The equine moves laterally to the right, while maintaining bend to the left.



Ridden Classes: Calm Default, Backing

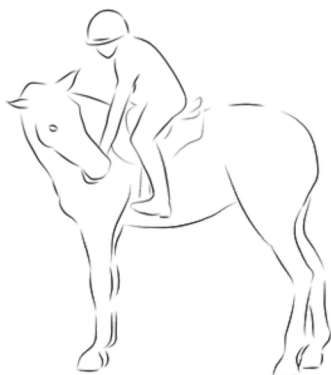
Objective: To demonstrate an effective, solid, and fluid calm default behavior during riding.

Regulations: Ridden Handling



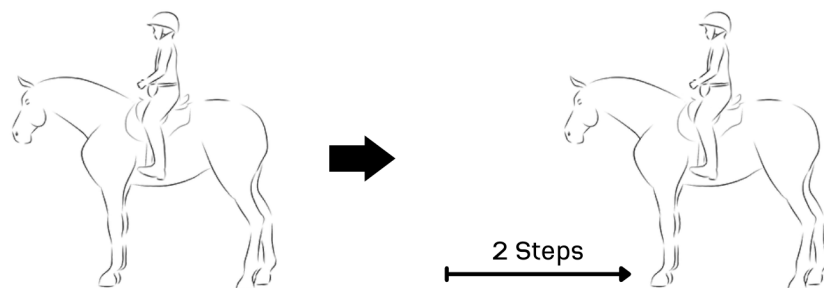
CALM DEFAULT - UNDER SADDLE

While the equine is halted, the handler should remain still and balanced in the saddle. The equine should stand calmly and patiently with their head forward.



REINFORCEMENT - UNDER SADDLE

Remaining balanced in the saddle, the handler delivers reinforcement from either side of the equine. The equine also remains balanced & reaches gently to retrieve reinforcement.



BACK 2 STEPS - UNDER SADDLE

From a balanced and stationary halt, the handler gives a distinct cue and the equine backs two steps, signaling the end of the performance.